

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) is a scientific agency within the United States Department of Commerce focused on the conditions of the oceans and the atmosphere. NOAA warns of dangerous weather, charts seas and skies, guides the use and protection of ocean and coastal resources and conducts research to improve understanding and stewardship of the environment. The NOAA publishes data, research and documents related to the organizations areas of expertise. Some of these publications include Climatological Data.

Climatological Data (DC) monthly publication/annual contains station daily maximum and minimum temperatures and precipitation amounts. Some stations provide daily snowfall, snow depth, evaporation, and soil temperature data. Each issue also contains monthly summaries for heating and cooling degree days (65 degrees F base). The July issue also contains monthly heating degree days and snow data for the preceding July through June. The annual issue contains monthly and annual averages of temperature, precipitation amounts, temperature extremes, freeze data, soil temperatures, evaporation, and a recap of monthly cooling degree days. This is one of those documents.

The Sea Around Us - Signed by Rachel L. Carson, Busting Your Butt and Gut: Minimizing Your Maximum Areas, Rush to Burn: Solving America's Garbage Crisis?, Niels Bohr: The Man, His Science, and the World They Changed, Field book of North American mammals;: Descriptions of every mammal known north of the Rio Grande, together with brief accounts of habits, geographical ranges, etc., Cellule photovoltaïque de 3ème génération: Les cellules nanocristallines à colorant (French Edition), The Auk, January 1900, Volume 17, Number 1 : A Quarterly Journal of Ornithology. Continuation of the Bulletin of the Nuttall Ornithological Club, 1900, The Auk, Volume 17, Number 1 : pages 1-96 with illustrations., Acta XI Congressus Internationalis Ornithologici, Basel 29, 1954., Climategate: The Crutape Letters,

Noaa Climatological Data: Connecticut, June 2004: For more information on this data, please visit the Alaska Climate Divisions FAQ. Based on NOAA's Residential Energy Demand Temperature Index (REDTI), the . California had its fifth driest start to the year, while Connecticut had its . Statewide ranks were among the five wettest June-July totals in **Noaa Climatological Data: Connecticut, June 2004:** National Climatic Data Center 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 Weather and Climate Billion-Dollar Disasters to affect the U.S. from 1980-2017 (CPI-Adjusted) . June 2016 . 2015-06-21, 2015-06-25, Severe storms across numerous Central and Northeast states (CO, CT, IA, IL, **Station LDLC3 - National Data Buoy Center - NOAA** According to an analysis of NOAA data by the Rutgers Global Snow Lab . their top twelve warmest: Connecticut and New Jersey, 4th warmest **March 2016 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** NCEI added Alaska climate divisions to its nClimDiv dataset on Friday, March 6, 2015, coincident with the release of the February 2015 monthly monitoring **June 2014 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** The State Climate Extremes Committee (SCEC) was created in 2006 in Alaska, Maximum Temperature, 100°F, June 27, 1915, FORT YUKON, 26413, E Connecticut, Maximum Temperature, 106°F, August 23, 1916 .. October 20, 2004, MT. .. The data may come from sources other than official NOAA-supervised **June 2016 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** would like to see weather history. You can select a range of dates in the results on the next page. Location: Date: January, February, March, April, May, June **Weather History & Data Archive Weather Underground 2004.**

Metal Distributions in the Surface Sediments of Long Island Sound. U.S. Geological
Accessed at: <http://nefsc/publications/crd/drc0216/> on June 30, 2004. National Oceanic and
Local Climatological Data, 2003, Annual Summary with Comparative Data—Bridgeport, CT.
U.S. National Oceanic and **Climatological Rankings - National Climatic Data Center -
NOAA** For more information on this data, please visit the Alaska Climate Divisions FAQ.
Alaska and Cities Palmer Indices are not available for NWS Regions, Alaska and 2011, 2010,
2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002, 2001, 2000 .. June 2017, retrieved on June
18, 2017 from <http://cag/>. **NCEP Meteorological Assimilation Data Ingest - madis (noaa)**
Averages and records for this station are not official NWS values. T = Trace of Precipitation,
MM = Missing Value, Source: NWS Daily Summary **Climate at a Glance - National
Climatic Data Center - NOAA** The most up-to-date temperature and precipitation data is
available through In June, a historic flash flood event dumped up to ten inches of rain during a
Conversely, it was the fourth driest year for Connecticut, ninth driest for .. of 53.5°F, 3.0°F
above average - bested only by the 55.9°F of 2004. **National Climate Report - July 2015 -
National Climatic Data Center** Wyoming had its driest June on record, with a precipitation
total of 0.45 . in West Virginia to 97 percent of normal in Connecticut and Vermont. **National
Climate Report - Annual 2015 - National Climatic Data Center** For more information on
this data, please visit the Alaska Climate Divisions FAQ. California, Connecticut, and Florida
each had one of their ten driest Januarys. .. The old record of 0.02 inches (1 mm) was set in
2004 (period of record 1948-2013) .. on June 18, 2017 from <https://sotc/national/201301>.
Annual 2006 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA Weather Data Depot: free heating
degree day and cooling degree day reports/charts. Spreadsheet-ready. Just Copy to Clipboard
and paste to Excel! **Weather History for New Haven, CT Weather Underground** The
nationally-averaged June precipitation total of 3.43 inches was 0.54 inch . June 2013 was the
third wettest on record in Connecticut (233 **June 2013 - National Climatic Data Center -
NOAA** an analysis of national temperatures and precipitation, placing the data into a 2013,
2012, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002, 2001 . Precipitation for all
states ranged from 101 percent of normal in Connecticut to 137 .. on June 18, 2017 from
<https://sotc/national/201705>. **Annual 2016 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA June
2012 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** The most up-to-date temperature and
precipitation data is available through Climate at a Glance. . June was particularly warm for
the CONUS, with a temperature According to NOAA data analyzed by the Rutgers Global
Snow Lab, for The East Coast was much warmer than average with Connecticut, **April 2014
- National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** The State of the Climate is a collection of monthly
summaries recapping climate-related occurrences on both a global and national scale. **Annual
2008 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004,
2003, 2002, 2001, 2000, 1999, 1998 Probability of El Nino increases later this year:
According to NOAAs Climate The average maximum (daytime) June temperature for the
contiguous U.S. . for the other dry states ranged from 52 percent of normal in Connecticut to
89 **LCD - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** Answer: Meteorological Surface
(METAR, Maritime, Integrated Mesonet) July 1, 2001. Modernized NWS Cooperative
Observer May 4, 2004 Profiles at Airports June 18, 2004 5830 University Research Ct.
College Park **January 2013 - National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** Owned and
maintained by University of Connecticut, Department of Marine Sciences Weather Station
41.306 N 72.077 W (41°18'21" N 72°43'9" W) **August 2014 - National Climatic Data Center -
NOAA** Climate Highlights — summer (June — August) The average temperature for the
above average — the ninth wettest summer on record and wettest since 2004. . 80 percent of
normal in Connecticut to 99 percent of normal in West Virginia. **National Climate Report -
National Climatic Data Center - NOAA** 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002, 2001,
2000, 1999, 1998 For more information on this data, please visit the Alaska Climate Divisions
FAQ. a warmer-than-normal summer (June-August), as the nation ranked . Vermont, New

York, Massachusetts, and Connecticut were much above normal **Weather Data Depot: free downloads of heating & cooling degree days** Scopri NOAA Climatological Data: Connecticut, June 2004 di National Oceanic and: spedizione gratuita per i clienti Prime e per ordini a partire da 29^ spediti da **State Climate Extremes Committee - National Climatic Data Center**
The June precipitation total for the contiguous U.S. was 2.46 inches, 0.47 . F (0.6 degrees C) above normal in Connecticut and West Virginia. In a mid-January 2007 climate report and NOAA press release, NCDC indicated the The last eight 5-year periods (2002-2006, 2001-2005, 2000-2004, Warm temperatures persisted into the Summer (June-August) months, as the nation . In Hartford, CT, a snowfall total of 21.9 inches (55.6 cm) broke the old storm total

[\[PDF\] The Sea Around Us - Signed by Rachel L. Carson](#)

[\[PDF\] Busting Your Butt and Gut: Minimizing Your Maximum Areas](#)

[\[PDF\] Rush to Burn: Solving America's Garbage Crisis?](#)

[\[PDF\] Niels Bohr: The Man, His Science, and the World They Changed](#)

[\[PDF\] Field book of North American mammals:: Descriptions of every mammal known north of the Rio Grande, together with brief accounts of habits, geographical ranges, etc.,](#)

[\[PDF\] Cellule photovoltaïque de 3eme generation: Les cellules nanocristallines a colorant \(French Edition\)](#)

[\[PDF\] The Auk, January 1900, Volume 17, Number 1 : A Quarterly Journal of Ornithology. Continuation of the Bulletin of the Nuttall Ornithological Club, 1900, The Auk, Volume 17, Number 1 : pages 1-96 with illustrations.](#)

[\[PDF\] Acta XI Congressus Internationalis Ornithologici, Basel 29, 1954.](#)

[\[PDF\] Climategate: The Crutape Letters](#)